European Oil Imports Decline 9,000 Tons

Net Available in Most Important Countries Materially Lower During First Quarter 1931 Than a Year Ago.

HROUGH the Foodstuffs Division of the Department of Commerce, Oil & Fat Industries is enabled to offer its readers comprehensive figures on the oil and oilseeds trade of the major countries overseas.

It is believed that this feature will prove of great interest and benefit to the majority of our readers, and if the feature meets with their approval, it is planned to publish a quarterly resumé of these figures.

Every producer and consumer of oil and fat products must realize the inescapable effects upon his business of world conditions in the fatty oil trade, particularly in these days when the progress of invention and discovery makes the various oils and fats more and more interchangeable for almost any useful purpose. The development of hydrogenation, improvement of refining and bleaching processes, new economies in the application of destearinization, the production of glycerine from sugar by fermentation methods, advances in the arts of oil extraction, oil blowing, fatty acid distillation, and sulfonation, all affect the demand in certain quarters for certain oils, and thus inevitably react upon worldwide markets for all fatty oils.

In this initial compilation we shall not endeavor to supply detailed figures covering the imports and exports of the various countries of Europe during the year 1929, but shall direct our readers' notice particularly to some of the outstanding characteristics of the world's trade and the important changes in trend from the experiences of former years.

Of paramount importance is the rapid growth of the consumption of whale oil and other fish oils in Continental countries, where hydrogenation has been utilized to make this class of oils available for edible purposes. In Germany for example, the imports of whale oil and other fish oils in 1929 exceeded those of 1928 by 20,471 long tons and those of 1927 by 39,910 long tons. (Ed. Note: Wherever the word ton is used below it will indicate a long ton of 2240 pounds.) Holland, likewise,

showed a great increase of imports of whale and fish oils in 1929 over each of the two previous years, the 1929 excess over 1928 being 32,599 tons and over 1927, 31,587 tons. The exports of hardened fish oils from both these countries also showed great gains in 1929.

France, on the other hand has not taken so kindly to the consumption of the fish oils, her imports of whale oil having increased only slightly in 1929, while those of other fish oils fell off slightly as compared with 1928 and 1927. The oil of greatest popularity in France at present seems to be peanut oil, imports of which, as represented chiefly by importation of the nut itself, increased in 1929 by approximately 20,000 tons (total oil plus oil equivalent of seeds imported) over 1928 and 50,000 tons over 1927. It is of interest to note that France is predominantly an oilproducing country, her imports of all fatty oils in 1929 being less than one-fourth of her imports of oil-bearing seeds expressed in their oil equivalent. French exports of oils, except of olive and peanut oils, are comparatively negligible, indicating that the French nation consumes most of the fatty oils produced in the country, from domestic and imported oilbearing materials.

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland imported in 1929 8,000 tons more whale and fish oil than in 1928 and 18,000 tons more than in 1927.

The figures for the first quarter of 1930 show a similarly increasing trend in the imports of whale and fish oils for all of these countries during the quarter.

In line with these increases in the European consumption of whale and fish oils there has been an even greater decrease in the available imports of the chief competing oils (as oils or seeds) available for domestic consumption in those countries. This is shown most clearly and concisely by the following table, from which it will be seen that the total imports available for domestic consumption of the seven leading oils and their corresponding oil-

TOTAL ROLLS

seeds in Germany, the United Kingdom, Holland and France declined about 31,000 tons in the first quarter of 1930 as compared with the corresponding period in 1929. The total increase in the net available imports of fish oils and whale oil for the same comparison periods and countries was 22,000 tons, which indicates displacement of the other oils by fish and whale oils in European oil and fat economy to the

extent of approximately 85,000 tons or 190,000,000 pounds annually, considering only the four leading countries. The net decrease in imports available for domestic consumption of all the important oils and fats would thus appear to be about 9,000 tons, or 20,000,000 pounds for the four leading European countries, for the first quarter of 1930, as against the same quarter of the previous year.

Statement Showing Comparative Figures of Net Available Imports of Various Oils in Certain European Countries

3 Months Ending March 31st, 1930 with Comparisons for 1929.

UNITED

	GERMANY		UNITED KINGDOM		HOLLAND		FRANCE		TOTAL FOUR COUNTRIES	
	1930	1929	1930	1929	1930	1929	1930	1929	1930	1929
COPRA	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Oil Equivalent Seed Imported Oil Imports	29,182 2,227	34,554 2,997	13,512 9,981	15,785 15,518	19,122 1,586	20,599 904	24,818 1,471	28,561 901	86,634 15,265	100;499 20,320
	31,409	37,551	23,493	32,303	20,708	21,503	26,289	29,462	101,899	120,819
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports	4,558	4,836	3,453 1,019	5,173 1,567	51 10,999	22 7 12,609	5 2,984	53 4,174	3,509 19,5:50	5,453 23,186
NET AVAILABLE PALM KERNELS		32,715	19,021	25,5.3	9,658	8,667	23,300	25,235	78,830	92,180
Oil Equivalent Seed Imported		24,158 173	9,851 735	21,705 90	1,764 235	160 36	1,355 340	91 4 155	47,297 1,725	46,937 459
	34,742	24,336	10,586	21,795	1,999	196	1,695	1,059	49,022	47,396
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports		9,719	4,434	61 4,218	$\frac{6}{1,082}$	156	18 512	431	$\frac{24}{17,111}$	61 14,524
NET AVAILABLE	23,659	14,617	6,152	17,516	911	40	1,165	538	31,887	32,811
Oil Equivalent Seed Imported Oil Imports		69,869 335	14,336	15,807	13,793 5,901	12,595 6,845	55,263 1,408	59,995 1,346	166,964 7,685	158,2 ⁻⁶ 8,526
-	83,948	70,204	14,336	15,807	19,694	19,440	56,571	61,341	174,649	160,792
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports	17,887	12,285	84	117	140 4,255	53 3,553	364 8,859	784 9,524	588 31,001	954 25,362
NET AVAILABLE	66,061	57,919	15,252	15,690	15,299	15,384	47,448	51,033	143,060	140,476
Oil Equivalent Seed Imported		32,697 13	8,047 5,435	14,132 993	1,910 14,466	1,038 6,524	$\substack{3\\3,214}$	79 1,273	55,899 24,499	47, 945 8,8 03
-	47,323	32,710	13,482	15,125	15,376	7,562	3,217	1,352	80,398	56,749
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports		9,988	3,826	324 4,790	2,519	1,952		72	14,259	331 16,802
NET AVAILABLE	39,409	22,722	9,656	10,011	13,855	5,603	3,217	1,280	66,137	39,616
Oil Equivalent eed Imported	429 430	1,111 104	425 1,831	2,432 382	277 48	572 68	697 —	1,252 1	1,828 2,309	5,3(7 555
	859	1,215	2,256	2,814	325	640	697	1,253	4,137	5,922
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports	88 70	81 126	$\frac{14}{2,122}$	6 1,753	$\frac{141}{28}$	193 172	34 51	43 103	277 2,271	323 2,154
NET AVAILABLE	701	1,008	120	1,055	156	275	1512	1,107	1,589	3,445
COTTONSEED Oil Equivalent Seed Imported Oil Imports	$\substack{13\\1,472}$	1,291 1,363	27,860 3,981	29,220 1,908	115	1,678	978.	694 1,241	27,873 6,545	31,205 6,190
	1,485	2,654	31,841	31,128	115	1,678	978	1,935	34,419	37,395
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports	_	_	5,704	6,316	31	607	9 15	1	5,750	6,924
NET AVAILABLE	1,485	2,554	26,137	24,812	84	1,071	954	1,934	28,660	30,471
Cil Equivalent Seed Imported Oil Imports	19,446 3,982	27,360 1,502	14,774 14,637	29,196 5,040	17,048 1	32,390 165	9,712 200	15,254 599	60,980 18,820	104,200 8,306
-	23,428	28,862	29,411	35,236	17,049	32,555	9,912	15,853	79,800	112,506
Less Oil Equivalent Seed Exported Less Oil Exports	87 839	116 678	4,179	47 4,898	985 21,929	821 13,678	2,201	55 613	1,183 29,148	1,039 19,837
NET AVAILABLE NET AVAIABLE ALL OILS	22,502 180,668	28,068 159,703	25,186 100,524	30,291 124,938	x5,865 34,098	18,056 49,545	7,646 84,342	15,185 96,412	49,469 399,632	91,600 430,599
x Balance of Exports over Imports.							Net a	vailable	decrease	30,967